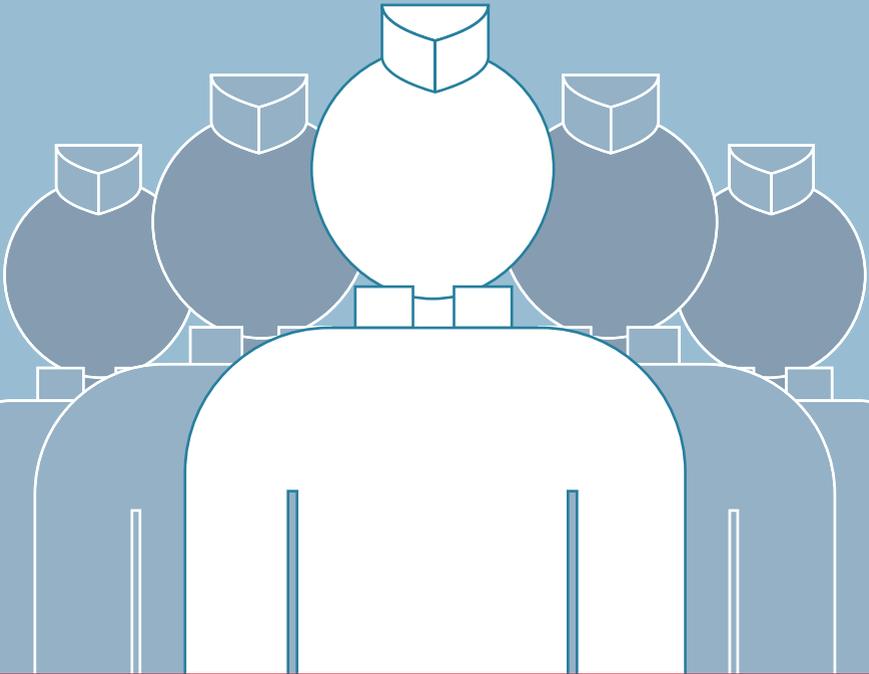


A comprehensive
& objective rating
of the Elected
Representatives'
performance



DELHI

REPORT CARD

MLA RATINGS 2016



Praja is a non-partisan organisation working towards enabling accountable governance since 1999. Praja empowers citizens to participate in governance by providing knowledge and perspective so that they can become politically active and involved beyond the ballot box. It undertakes extensive research and highlights civic issues to build the awareness of, and mobilize action by the government and elected representatives.

THE PROBLEM

Praja believes that uninformed and disengaged elected representatives and administration, rather than existing systems or policies, are responsible for the lack of good governance. Additionally, there is a paucity of tools to facilitate effective interaction between citizens and the local government.

PRAJA'S RESPONSE

Praja conducts data driven research and provides information on civic issues to citizens, media, and government administration and works with elected representatives to identify and address inefficiencies in their work processes, bridge the information gaps, and aid them in taking corrective measures.

HOW DID IT EVOLVE?

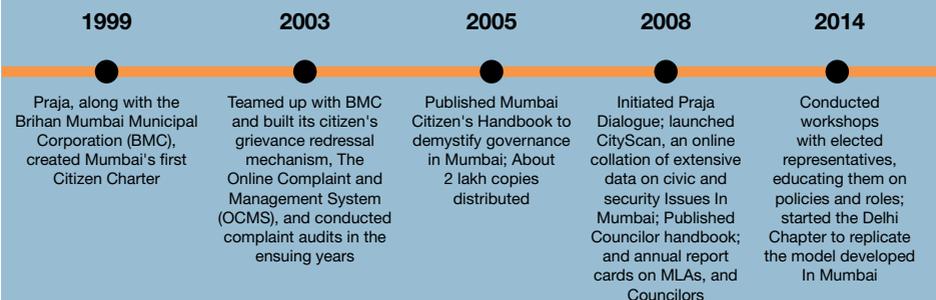


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WHY WAS A REPORT CARD NEEDED AND WHAT DOES IT CONTAIN?

The People of India have had Elected Representatives representing them in various bodies from the parliament to the panchayat for the last 60 years.

These representatives have deliberated, debated, questioned, proposed new laws, passed new laws and governed the nation at all levels using the mechanisms given to them by the Constitution of India. The 1950 constitution which we gave to ourselves laid out the way in which we would govern ourselves. In the last three decades we have seen a steady decline in the quality of governance due to various reasons, prime amongst them being commercialisation of politics and criminalisation of politics, this has created a huge governance deficit in our country.

The Electorate has remained a silent witness for most part of this and are feeling let down and frustrated by the Government and the elected representatives.

The time when the citizen has a 'real' say, is during elections which happens once in five years. The elections are the only time when the elected representatives are appraised for their performance in the corresponding term by the electorate.

Looking at the growing problems of Governance and the ever increasing needs of the citizens there is a need of a continuous dialogue and appraisal of the working of the elected representatives.

It is this need of continuous dialogue and appraisal that made Praja develop this Report Card.

Performance Appraisal of Elected Representatives has become the need of the hour.

This appraisal has been done keeping in mind the constitutional role and responsibility of the elected representatives and the opinion of their electorate. We firmly believe in receiving every feedback to improve this appraisal system.

We believe this Report Card which we will be publishing every year will give to the citizens, elected representatives, political parties and the government valuable feedback on the functioning of the elected representatives. We also hope that it will set standards and bench marks of the performance of the elected representatives not only in Delhi but across the country.

FOREWORD

Delhi, we are happy to present the first annual report card of the performance of MLAs' (Members of Legislative Assembly) of the State Assembly. In many ways this Report Card is a unique Statement, which reflects the quality of Governance, performance of the elected representatives (during 24th February 2015 to 22nd December 2015 in the assembly), backgrounds of the elected representatives, perceptions of the citizens of Delhi (through a perception survey of 29,950 households) on the working of the government and their elected representatives.

As far as Praja is concerned it is the first time we are doing a report card of the elected representatives of an entire state; while, in Mumbai, since 2011, we only do for Mumbai city MLAs.

This report card is further unique because it is a ranking and rating of the elected representatives of a government, which has got a mandate like no other.

The Aam Admi Party (AAP) won 67 out of 70 seats in the Delhi Assembly. The result was a reflection of an intense desire on part of the people of Delhi to bring a new change from old politics and old way of governance which was perceived to be incompetent, corrupt, and lacked accountability.

This result changed Indian politics forever, no longer can old parties believe that they are indispensable. The result shattered that myth.

Has AAP lived up to the desire of the people of Delhi?

If one analyses the data we find;

- There are 3 MLAs who have not raised any issues in the assembly in 2015 and 16 who have only raised 1 to 5 issues. If deliberations is the most important role of an Elected Representative and we find that nearly 33% of the MLAs who we have ranked are hardly participating in Deliberations it is a sad reflection of their performance.
- Quality of Issues raised, this to us is the most important part of the ranking system of Praja. Here we find that 72% of the MLAs are underperforming. The details of how we define the quality of issues raised are given in the appendix of this book. It is interesting to note that while comparing the quality of issues raised in Mumbai, the Mumbai MLAs are doing far better.

- The cornerstone on which the new government was elected by the citizens of Delhi was clean politics, unfortunately this is not being reflected in its 20 out of 58 MLAs ranked (in this report card) have criminal records, the worrying part is that 14 (including 4 MLAs who had earlier FIRs registered against them) of them have got this record after getting elected. The MLAs are defenders of the constitution and they must not resort the use of extra-legal methods.
- When the performance in the state assembly is compared with delivery of services we find a significant gap. While there were 150,885 complaints registered for water supply, there were only 33 issues raised by MLAs. Or in the case of 'drainage chokes, blockages & cleaning and overflowing manholes' – where there were 19,327 citizen complaints, only 5 issues were raised by our city's MLAs in 2015. Or the most surprising of all, in the case of 'Mosquito Nuisance & Fogging' – where there were 10,102 complaints, there were no issues raised by any MLA across the previous year.

One understands that Delhi has a very complex multi-layered Governance system, we have the three Municipal Corporations, the State Assembly, DDA (Delhi Development Authority) and the Central Government all playing important and often overlapping roles in the Governing of Delhi. If we add to that the bitter rivalry between the established political parties and the new entrant AAP it is very difficult to govern this City. Even so we believe that AAP still has ways in making a substantive difference in the areas they have control.

The electoral verdict of the people of Delhi reflected an intense desire for change and getting a government with a difference, what our data is showing that AAP is not being different than the other main stream parties. We are seeing the same issues that plague the other political establishments.

One hopes that for the people of Delhi and more importantly for Good Governance in Delhi that AAP can reset itself so as not to go down the same line as others have. The failure of this would be a crushing of hope for all Indians who believe in a new form of democratic process in India.

NITAI MEHTA,
Managing Trustee,
Praja Foundation

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Never doubt that a small group of thoughtful, committed citizens can change the world; indeed, it's the only thing that ever has.

– Margaret Mead

The change comes when people stand up and demand for it, and then strive to get it. Today we are at that juncture of history where time demands that we stand up and demand that change and go and get it.

Individuals involved in developing this report card strongly believe that they cannot just wait and remain mute spectators when time is demanding action from them. All of them have come together to develop this report card with a over-arching belief in the Constitution of India and the opportunity it creates for improved and efficient governance – the mean towards achieving the high ideals of the constitution – Justice, Liberty, Equality and Fraternity.

This book is a compilation of sincere, concerned efforts of the Core Praja Team. We would like to particularly appreciate the guidance of: Dr. C R Sridhar, KMS (Titoo) Ahluwalia and Dr. Suma Chitnis. And also to Praja's Advisors for their active support.

We would like to thank our partner organisation, Initiatives of Change (IC) Centre for Governance, a prominent organisation working on improving governance structures.

It is important here to acknowledge Hansa Research for conducting the opinion poll.

It is also very important to acknowledge the support of Vakils for doing a splendid publishing work.

Praja has obtained much of the data used in compiling this report card through Right to Information Act, 2005; without which sourcing information on the MLAs would have been very difficult. Hence it is very important to acknowledge the RTI Act and everyone involved, especially from the civil society, in bringing such a strong legislation. Also to those government officials who believe in the RTI Act and strive for its effective implementation.

Very importantly, Praja Foundation appreciates the support given by:



Friedrich Naumann
STIFTUNG **FÜR DIE FREIHEIT**

Narotam Sekhsaria Foundation

Madhu Mehta Foundation

TATA TRUSTS

SIR DORABJI TATA TRUST • SIR RATAN TATA TRUST
JAMSETJI TATA TRUST • N.R. TATA TRUST • J.R.D. TATA TRUST

Tata Trusts have supported Praja Foundation in this project. The Trusts believe in a society of well-informed citizens and it is to this effect that Tata Trusts supports Praja's efforts to communicate with and enable citizens to interact with their administration through innovative and effective methods.

ASSESSING THE PERFORMANCE OF MLAs OBJECTIVELY

The air in India is thick with criticism of politicians. The question that arises is: how can the performance of our elected representatives be assessed objectively? Surely the right way cannot be by asking them for their opinion of themselves. Nor is it adequate to get a few political pundits (who may have their own angles) to evaluate them.

The only way such an assessment can be done in a manner that is, and is seen to be, unbiased and credible, is through a systematic and transparent study undertaken independently by respected professionals. That is precisely what The Praja Report Card seeks to accomplish.

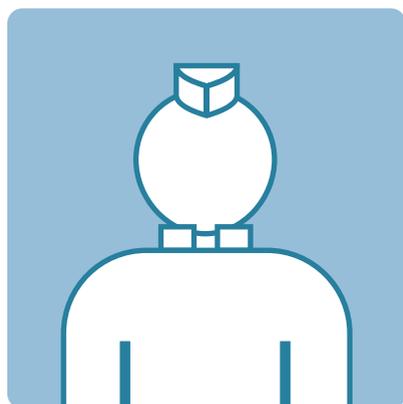
The ratings of the MLA's are based on:

- Data accessed through RTI on attendance of Assembly sessions, number and type of issues raised, use of discretionary funds, etc.
- Personal interviews with 29,950 citizens of Delhi conducted by a reputed survey research organisation, to investigate the views of citizens on their elected representatives.

We believe the Report Card is an important step forward in promoting accountability and transparency in the political governance of the country.

K.M.S. (TITOO) AHLUWALIA, Formerly Chairman & CEO of A.C. Nielsen ORG-MARG

PROFILES AND PERFORMANCE OF MLAs

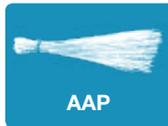
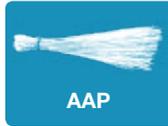
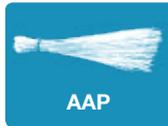


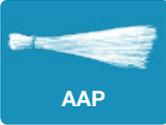
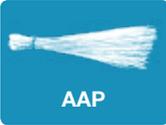
Of the total 70 MLAs from the city, the overall scaling is done for 58; while eleven MLAs who are ministers, Speaker & Deputy Speaker (hence do not ask any questions to the government or raise any issues in the house) and one MLA representing Cantonment Board (where survey was not conducted). Were not ranked.

MLAs' education, profession, constituency details, date of birth, age & birth place have been taken from the affidavit submitted by the candidate during the election and/or from Delhi assembly website.

For understanding details on the ranking and scales of the marking kindly go to the section of methodology.

DETAILS OF MLAs WHO HAVE NOT BEEN CONSIDER IN REPORT CARD

Name	Party	Details	Reasons
 Arvind Kejriwal		Born: 16 th August, 1968 Birth Place: Village Siwani, Distt. Bhiwani (Haryana) Education: B.Tech Mechanical Engineering Profession: Political Activist (Ex- Chief Minister of Delhi) Constituency: 40 (Area: New Delhi)	Chief Minister (from 16/2/2015 to till date)
 Asim Ahmed Khan		Born: 20 th March, 1976 Birth Place: Delhi Education: B.A. Profession: Business Zone: City Constituency: 21 (Area: Matia Mahal)	Minister (from 16/2/2015 to 31/8/2015)
 Bandana Kumari		Born: 11 th March, 1974 Birth Place: Samastipur, Bihar Education: B.A. Profession: Ex. MLA Zone: Rohini Constituency: 14 (Area: Shalimar Bagh)	Deputy Speaker (from 16/2/2015 to 10/6/2016)
 Gopal Rai		Born: 10 th May, 1975 Birth Place: Gobardih, Mau (U.P.) Education: Post Graduate Profession: Social Worker Zone: Shahdara North Constituency: 67 (Area: Babarpur)	Minister (from 16/2/2015 to till date)

Name	Party	Details	Reasons
		<p>Born: 21st May, 1981</p> <p>Birth Place: Delhi</p> <p>Education: Bachelor of Business Studies</p> <p>Profession: Business</p> <p>Zone: Sadar Paharganj</p> <p>Constituency: 22 (Area: Ballimaran)</p>	Minister (from 20/10/2015 to till date)
Imran Hussain			
		<p>Born: 12th April, 1966</p> <p>Birth Place: Uttar Pradesh</p> <p>Education: L.L.B</p> <p>Profession: Self Employed</p> <p>Zone: Civil Line</p> <p>Constituency: 16 (Area: Tri Nagar)</p>	Minister (from 16/2/2015 to 31/8/2015)
Jitender Singh Tomar			
		<p>Born: 13th November 1980</p> <p>Birth Place: Delhi</p> <p>Education: M.A. (Social Work)</p> <p>Profession: Social Work</p> <p>Zone: Shahdara North</p> <p>Constituency: 70 (Area: Karawal Nagar)</p>	Minister (from 31/8/2015 to till date)
Kapil Mishra			
		<p>Age: 43</p> <p>Education: Diploma In Journalism</p> <p>Profession: Social Service & Political Activist</p> <p>Zone: Shahdara South</p> <p>Constituency: 57 (Area: Patparganj)</p>	Deputy Chief Minister (from 16/2/2015 to till date)
Manish Sisodia			

Name	Party	Details	Reasons
		<p>Born: 5th January, 1948</p> <p>Birth Place: Safidon Mandi, Haryana</p> <p>Education: B.A.</p> <p>Profession: Retired Business Man</p> <p>Zone: Shahdara South</p> <p>Constituency: 62 (Area: Shahdara)</p>	Speaker (from 16/2/2015 to till date)
Ram Niwas Goel			
		<p>Born: 12th July 1980</p> <p>Birth Place: Delhi</p> <p>Education: B.A., L.L.B.</p> <p>Profession: Advocate</p> <p>Zone: Rohini</p> <p>Constituency: 10 (Area: Sultan Pur Majra (SC))</p>	Minister (from 16/2/2015 to till date)
Sandeep Kumar			
		<p>Age: 51</p> <p>Education: B. Arch</p> <p>Profession: Self Employed (Architect)</p> <p>Zone: Rohini</p> <p>Constituency: 15 (Area: Shakurbasti)</p>	Minister (from 16/2/2015 to till date)
Satyendar Kumar Jain			
		<p>Born: 5th January, 1978</p> <p>Birth Place: Village Chhara, Distt. Jhajjar (Haryana)</p> <p>Education: B.A.</p> <p>Profession: Retired Government Servant, Ex. MLA</p> <p>Constituency: 38 (Area: Delhi Cantt.)</p>	Cantonment Board
Surender Singh			

HOW TO READ THE RANKING PAGE :

Overall Rank for the current year (2016) is given after summation of all the weightages. The top three ranks are awarded a trophy - The Torch. The first gets gold, the second silver and the third bronze.



MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE	
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40
		B	75.46	3	A	12.02	A	8.69	B	22.38	A	5	C	26.21

Personal details

Total Scores

Badges for high ranks in individual areas



PERCEPTION OF PUBLIC SERVICES + PERCEIVED AS ACCESSIBLE



QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED + NO. OF ISSUES RAISED



CLEAN CRIMINAL RECORD + PERCEIVED LEAST CORRUPT

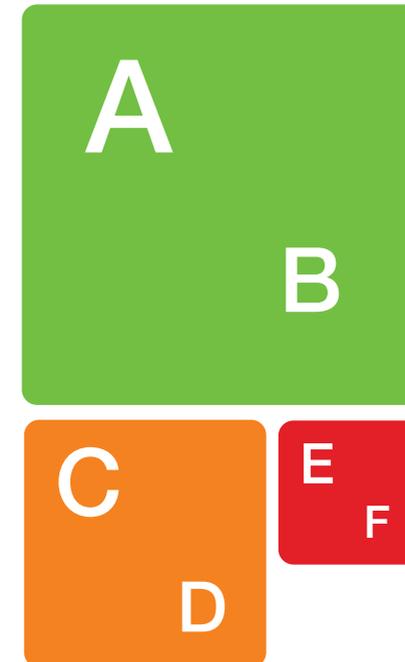
Areas for ranking:

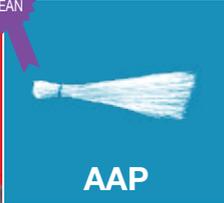
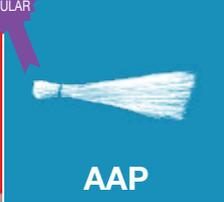
1. Attendance
2. Issues Raised
3. Quality of Issues Raised
4. Criminal Record (including the negative marking for criminal records)
5. Perceived Performance (Perception of Public Services + Perceived as Accessible + Perceived Least Corrupt)

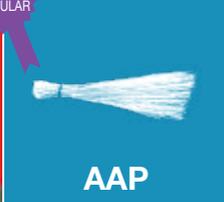
Colour Coding:

- Grade 'A' – 100% to 80% marks
- Grade 'B' – Less than 80% to 70% marks
- Grade 'C' – Less than 70% to 60% marks
- Grade 'D' – Less than 60% to 50% marks
- Grade 'E' – Less than 50% to 35% marks
- Grade 'F' – Less than 35% marks

DELHI'S MLAs AND THEIR RANKINGS



MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
 <p>MR CLEAN</p>	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	C	67.14	14	A	8	A	8.90	D	16.03	A	5	C	26.21
Adarsh Shastri	Date of Birth: 16 th October, 1973, Birth Place: New Delhi, Edu.: Post Graduate, Profession: Public Service & Social Worker				Zone: Najafgarh, Constituency No.: 33, (Area: Dwarka)										
 <p>MR POPULAR</p>	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	C	67.20	13	A	10	D	5.63	E	12.23	A	5	B	28.35
Ajay Dutt	Date of Birth: 14 th July, 1975, Birth Place: New Delhi, Edu.: M.B.A. (Executive), Profession: Self Employed				Zone: South, Constituency No.: 48, (Area: Ambedkar Nagar)										
	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	D	58.79	27	A	10	F	1.81	F	7.07	A	5	C	27.91
Ajesh Yadav	Date of Birth: 15 th July 1967, Birth Place: Libaspur Village, Delhi, Edu.: B.A.(P), Profession: Business				Zone: Civil Line, Constituency No.: 5, (Area: Badli)										
	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	E	43.47	55	C	6	E	4.54	F	9.30	F	-10	C	26.64
Akhilesh Pati Tripathi	Age: 31, Edu.: M.A., Profession: Social Worker				Zone: Civil Line, Constituency No.: 18, (Area: Model Town)										

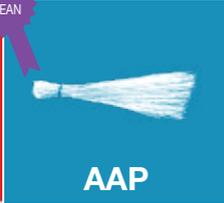
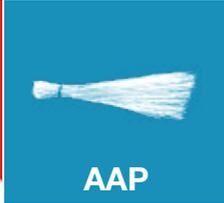
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	C	68.76	10	A	10	A	9.63	C	16.74	F	0	C	25.40
Alka Lamba	Date of Birth: 21 st September, 1975, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: M.Sc., M.Ed, Profession: Politician				Zone: Civil Line, Constituency No.: 20, (Area: Chandi Chowk)										
	 AAP	2016	D	51.38	49	C	6	F	1.81	F	5.69	C	3	C	27.88
Amanatullah Khan	Date of Birth: 10 th January, 1974, Birth Place: Vill. Aghwan Pur, Distt. Meerut U.P., Edu.: HSC, Profession: Business				Zone: Central, Constituency No.: 54, (Area: Okhla)										
	 AAP	2016	B	70.40	6	A	10	B	7.63	D	14.41	A	5	C	26.37
Anil Kumar Bajpai	Date of Birth: 02 nd July, 1957, Birth Place: Distt, Farrukhabad (UP), Edu.: B.A., Profession: Self Employed (Business)				Zone: Shahdara South, Constituency No.: 61, (Area: Gandhi Nagar)										
	 AAP	2016	C	66.61	16	A	10	B	7.81	E	13.29	A	5	C	26.50
Avtar Singh	Date of Birth: 18 th Febuary, 1963, Birth Place: New Delhi, Edu.: Under Matric, Profession: Contractor				Zone: Central, Constituency No.: 51, (Area: Kalkaji)										

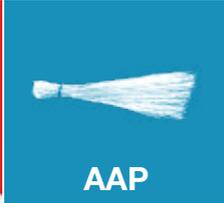
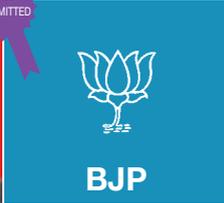
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	B	70.27	7	A	10	A	9.27	C	16.44	A	5	C	26.55
Bhavna Gaur	Date of Birth: 02 nd December, 1970, Birth Place: Palam, New Delhi, Edu.: B.Ed., Profession: Self Employed				Zone: Najafgarh, Constituency No.: 37, (Area: Palam)										
	 AAP	2016	C	63.92	22	A	10	C	6.36	E	12.55	A	5	C	27.01
Devinder Kumar Sehrawat	Date of Birth: 30 th October, 1965, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: B.Sc., M.Sc., Business MGT (IIM-A), Profession: Social Activist				Zone: Najafgarh, Constituency No.: 36, (Area: Bijwasan)										
	 AAP	2016	D	53.53	39	A	10	F	0.54	F	7.23	A	5	C	27.76
Dinesh Mohaniya	Date of Birth: 31 st December, 1977, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: HSC, Profession: Self Employed				Zone: Central, Constituency No.: 49, (Area: Sangam Vihar)										
	 AAP	2016	C	66.79	15	A	10	C	6.36	E	12.65	A	5	C	24.78
Fateh Singh	Date of Birth: 30 th December, 1963, Birth Place: Village Bhikan Pur Distt. Gaziabad, Edu.: B.A., Profession: Material Dealer				Zone: Shahdara North, Constituency No.: 68, (Area: Gokalpur)										

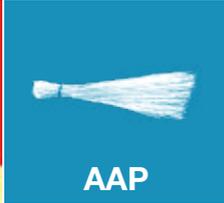
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	D	57.63	29	A	10	E	3.81	F	9.00	A	5	C	24.82
Girish Soni	Date of Birth: 03 rd December 1963, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: SSC, I.T.I Refrigeration & Air-conditioning, Profession: Self Manufacturing & Trading of Leather Goods				Zone: West, Constituency No.: 26, (Area: Madipur)										
	 AAP	2016	C	63.64	23	A	10	A	8.90	D	16.03	F	0	D	23.71
Gulab Singh	Date of Birth: 30 th October, 1978, Birth Place: Ghuman Hera, Delhi, Edu.: HSC, Profession: Self Employed				Zone: Najafgarh , Constituency No.: 34, (Area: Matiala)										
	 AAP	2016	D	51.41	48	A	10	F	0.72	F	7.47	A	5	C	24.22
Hazari Lal Chauhan	Date of Birth: 10 th May, 1948, Birth Place: Karol Bagh, Delhi, Edu.: Ninth, Profession: Business, Social Worker				Zone: Karol Bagh, Constituency No.: 24, (Area: Patel Nagar (SC))										
	 AAP	2016	D	53.35	40	E	4	A	8.36	D	13.86	F	-5	C	25.13
Jagdeep Singh	Date of Birth: 31 st May 1971, Birth Place: Ambala Cantt., Edu.: HSC, Profession: Self Employed (Ex-MLA)				Zone: West, Constituency No.: 28, (Area: Hari Nagar)										

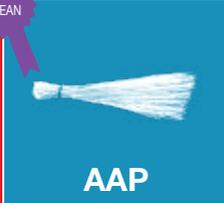
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
 <p>Jagdish Pradhan</p>	 BJP	2016	B	71.87	 2	A	10	A	10	C	17.71	A	5	D	22.17
Date of Birth: 4 th July, 1953, Birth Place: Vill. Karawal Nagar, Delhi, Edu.: SSC, Profession: Business					Zone: Shahdara North, Constituency No.: 69, (Area: Mustafabad)										
 <p>Jarnail Singh</p>	 AAP	2016	C	65.66	20	A	10	C	6.18	E	11.56	A	5	C	26.92
Date of Birth: 16 th February, 1973, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: Master of Arts, Profession: Writer					Zone: West, Constituency No.: 27, (Area: Rajouri Garden)										
 <p>Jarnail Singh</p>	 AAP	2016	D	52.94	41	A	10	E	4.54	E	9.85	F	-5	C	25.55
Date of Birth: 15 th March 1981, Birth Place: Rampur (U.P.), Edu.: HSC, Profession: Business (Ex. MLA)					Zone: West, Constituency No.: 29, (Area: Tilak Nagar)										
 <p>Kailash Gahlot</p>	 AAP	2016	D	57.37	31	A	10	E	3.81	F	9.29	A	5	C	26.27
Date of Birth: 22 nd July, 1974, Birth Place: Najafgarh, New Delhi, Edu.: LLM, Profession: Lawyer					Zone: Najafgarh, Constituency No.: 35, (Area: Najafgarh)										

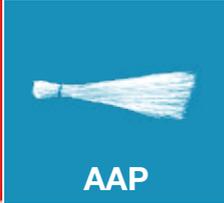
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	D	52.06	46	A	10	F	2.36	F	6.09	A	5	C	25.62
Kartar Singh Tanwar	Date of Birth: 12 th December, 1962, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: HSC, Diploma in Civil Engineering, Profession: Self Employed				Zone: South, Constituency No.: 46, (Area: Chhatarpur)										
	 AAP	2016	D	55.22	37	A	10	F	2.36	F	6.09	A	5	C	25.77
Madan Lal	Date of Birth: 7 th August 1956, Birth Place: Kotla Mubarak Pur, New Delhi, Edu.: M.A., L.L.B., Profession: Advocate				Zone: Central, Constituency No.: 42, (Area: Kasturba Nagar)										
	 AAP	2016	E	47.06	53	A	8	F	0.72	F	3.47	A	5	D	23.87
Mahinder Yadav	Date of Birth: 5 th May 1963, Birth Place: New Delhi, Edu.: SSC, Profession: Self employed, & as present as Ex. MLA				Zone: West, Constituency No.: 31, (Area: Vikaspuri)										
	 AAP	2016	D	50.31	50	A	10	E	4.90	E	9.93	F	-5	C	24.47
Manoj Kumar	Date of Birth: 6 th September, 1978, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: SSC, Profession: Politician & Social Worker				Zone: Shahdara South, Constituency No.: 56, (Area: Kondli)										

MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
 <p>Mohd. Ishraque</p>	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	D	52.65	44	A	10	F	0	F	0	A	5	B	30.65
Date of Birth: 14 th July, 1961, Birth Place: Village Palwara, Distt. Hapur, U. P., Edu.: Primary School, Profession: Social Worker					Zone: Shahdara North, Constituency No.: 65, (Area: Seelampur)										
 <p>Mohinder Goyal</p>	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	C	69.54	9	A	8	A	8.18	D	15.26	A	5	C	26.10
Date of Birth: 6 th November 1963, Birth Place: Kaithal, Haryana, Edu.: SSC, Profession: Business - Property dealing					Zone: Rohini, Constituency No.: 6, (Area: Rithala)										
 <p>Narayan Dutt Sharma</p>	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	D	56.46	33	A	10	F	2.36	F	7.19	A	5	C	25.91
Date of Birth: 15 th December, 1972, Birth Place: Village Kotvan, Distt. Mathura, U.P., Edu.: HSC, Profession: Self employed					Zone: Central, Constituency No.: 53, (Area: Badarpur)										
 <p>Naresh Balyan</p>	 <p>AAP</p>	2016	D	57.19	32	A	8	E	4.90	E	10.12	A	5	C	25.18
Date of Birth: 22 th November 1976, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: Ninth, Profession: Social Worker					Zone: West, Constituency No.: 32, (Area: Uttam Nagar)										

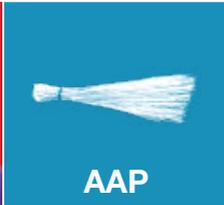
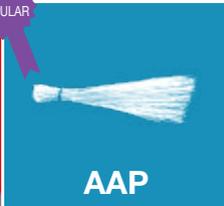
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	D	53.97	38	A	10	F	2.36	F	7.89	A	5	C	25.73
Naresh Yadav	Date of Birth: 5 th February, 1972, Birth Place: Kapashera, New Delhi, Edu.: B.Com., L.L.B , Profession: Advocate				Zone: South, Constituency No.: 45, (Area: Mehrauli)										
	 AAP	2016	B	71.30	 3	A	10	B	7.27	E	13.26	A	5	C	27.77
Nitin Tyagi	Date of Birth: 16 th June, 1973, Birth Place: Meerut, Edu.: Post Graduate Diploma in Business Management, Profession: Business				Zone: Shahdara South, Constituency No.: 58, (Area: Laxmi Nagar)										
	 BJP	2016	B	70.75	4	C	6	A	9.81	C	17.25	A	5	C	25.69
Om Prakash Sharma	Age: 62, Edu.: Graduate, Profession: Business				Zone: Shahdara South, Constituency No.: 59, (Area: Vishwas Nagar)										
	 AAP	2016	C	69.70	8	A	10	B	7.27	D	13.65	A	5	C	25.78
Pankaj Kant Singhal	Date of Birth: 4 th May, 1972, Birth Place: Gajraula, Uttar Pradesh, Edu.: M.A. Political Science, Profession: Politician				Zone: Civil Line, Constituency No.: 3, (Area: Timarpur)										

MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	D	51.71	47	A	8	F	2.36	F	8.79	F	0	B	29.56
Parmila Tokas	Date of Birth: 4 th June, 1977, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: HSC, Profession: Business				Zone: South, Constituency No.: 44, (Area: R K Puram)										
	 AAP	2016	D	52.39	45	A	8	F	3.45	F	8.91	F	-2	C	27.03
Pawan Kumar Sharma	Date of Birth: 30 th March, 1970, Birth Place: Bass, Distt. Hissar, Haryana, Edu.: HSC, Profession: Business				Zone: Civil Line, Constituency No.: 4, (Area: Adarsh Nagar)										
	 AAP	2016	E	43.04	56	A	10	F	0	F	0	C	3	C	27.04
Prakash	Date of Birth: 1 st April 1988, Birth Place: New Delhi, Edu.: M.Com, Profession: Politician (Ex. MLA)				Zone: South, Constituency No.: 47, (Area: Deoli (SC))										
	 AAP	2016	C	66.18	17	A	10	E	4.90	E	10.25	A	5	B	29.02
Praveen Kumar	Date of Birth: 21 st December, 1984, Birth Place: Bhopal, Edu.: MBA, Profession: Social Worker				Zone: Central, Constituency No.: 41, (Area: Jangpura)										

MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	E	41.96	57	C	6	F	0	F	0	F	0	C	27.96
Raghuwinder Shokeen	Date of Birth: 18 th December, 1966, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: B.Sc. Engineering				Zone: Rohini, Constituency No.: 11, (Area: Nangloi Jat)										
	 AAP	2016	B	70.47	5	A	10	A	9.45	D	15.75	A	5	D	22.27
Rajendra Pal Gautam	Date of Birth: 26 th April, 1968, Birth Place: Ghonda, Delhi, Edu.: B.A., L.L.B., Profession: Advocate				Zone: Shahdara North, Constituency No.: 63, (Area: Seemapuri)										
	 AAP	2016	C	65.86	18	A	10	C	6.90	E	13.00	A	5	D	22.96
Rajesh Gupta	Date of Birth: 2 nd November, 1978, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: HSC, Profession: Business				Zone: Civil Line, Constituency No.: 17, (Area: Wazirpur)										
	 AAP	2016	C	64.48	21	A	10	C	6.36	E	12.49	A	5	C	27.63
Rajesh Rishi	Date of Birth: 18 th October, 1964, Birth Place: Jalandhar (Punjab), Edu.: B.Sc., Profession: Self Employed				Zone: West, Constituency No.: 30, (Area: Janakpuri)										

MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	D	57.59	30	A	10	E	3.81	F	9.14	A	5	D	23.64
Raju Dhingan	Date of Birth: 25 th July, 1973, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: Ninth, Profession: Politician (EX MLA)				Zone: Shahdara South, Constituency No.: 55, (Area: Trilokpuri)										
	 AAP	2016	E	47.04	54	A	10	F	2.36	F	7.69	F	-2	C	25.00
Rakhi Birla	Date of Birth: 10 th June 1987, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: M.A. , Profession: Social Worker				Zone: Rohini, Constituency No.: 12, (Area: Mangol Puri (SC))										
	 AAP	2016	E	48.68	51	A	10	F	0.72	F	5.22	F	0	C	24.73
Rituraj Govind	Date of Birth: 13 th August 1988, Birth Place: Samastipur (Bihar), Edu.: Advance Diploma in Hotel Management, Profession: Social Worker				Zone: Rohini, Constituency No.: 9, (Area: Kirari)										
	 AAP	2016	B	72.86	 1	A	10	A	8.36	C	16.56	A	5	C	24.93
S. K. Bagga	Date of Birth: 7 th Febuary, 1954, Birth Place: Kashi Pur (UP), Edu.: M. Com., L.L.B, Profession: Advocate				Zone: Shahdara South, Constituency No.: 60, (Area: Krishna Nagar)										

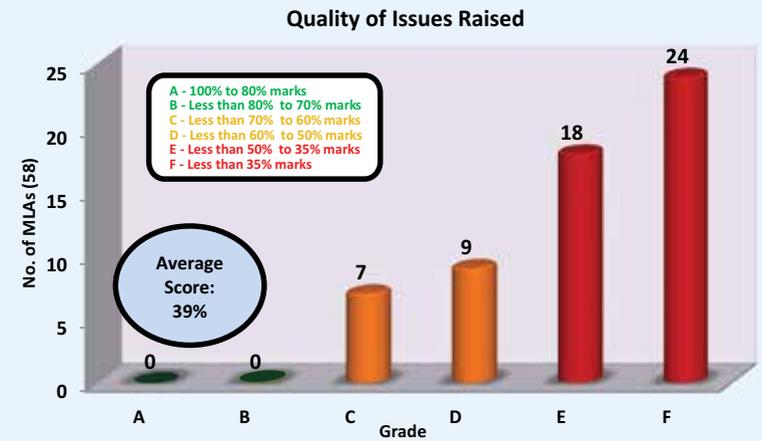
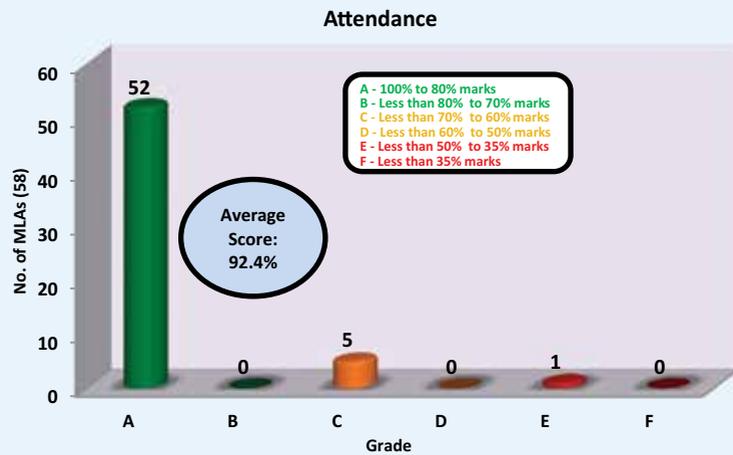
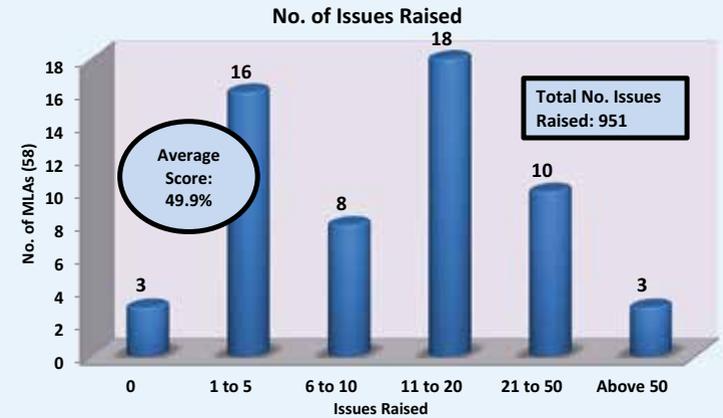
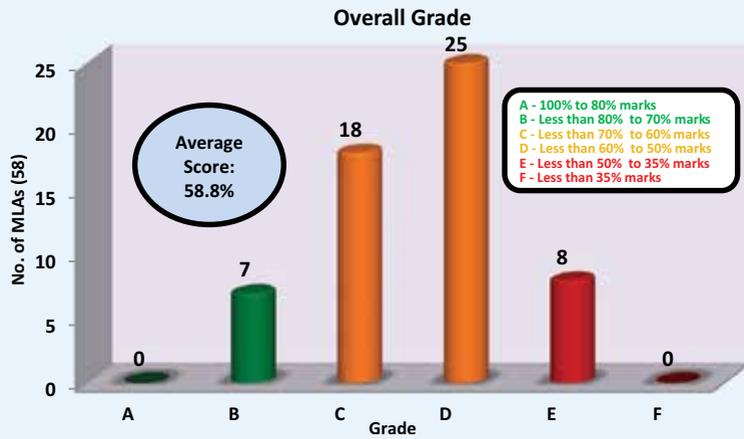
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	E	40.29	58	A	10	F	1.45	F	6.96	F	-5	D	23.89
Sahi Ram	Date of Birth: 10 th October, 1959, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: Eleventh, Profession: Social Worker				Zone: Central, Constituency No.: 52, (Area: Tuglakabad)										
	 AAP	2016	D	58.79	28	A	8	D	5.63	E	11.43	F	0	C	25.72
Sanjeev Jha	Date of Birth: 1 st May 1979, Birth Place: Madhubani (Bihar), Edu.: B.A. (Hon), Profession: Social Worker				Zone: Civil Line, Constituency No.: 2, (Area: Burari)										
	 AAP	2016	C	60.74	25	A	8	E	4.90	E	9.75	A	5	B	28.09
Sarita Singh	Date of Birth: 20 th March, 1986, Birth Place: Rai Brailly, Edu.: M.A. (Sociology), Profession: Social Worker				Zone: Shahdara North, Constituency No.: 64, (Area: Rohtas Nagar)										
	 AAP	2016	D	52.80	42	A	10	F	1.81	F	5.69	A	5	C	27.30
Saurabh Bharadwaj	Age: Not given, Edu.: B. Tech Computer Sc., L.L.B., Profession: Software Engineer (Ex. MLA)				Zone: South, Constituency No.: 50, (Area: Greater Kailash)										

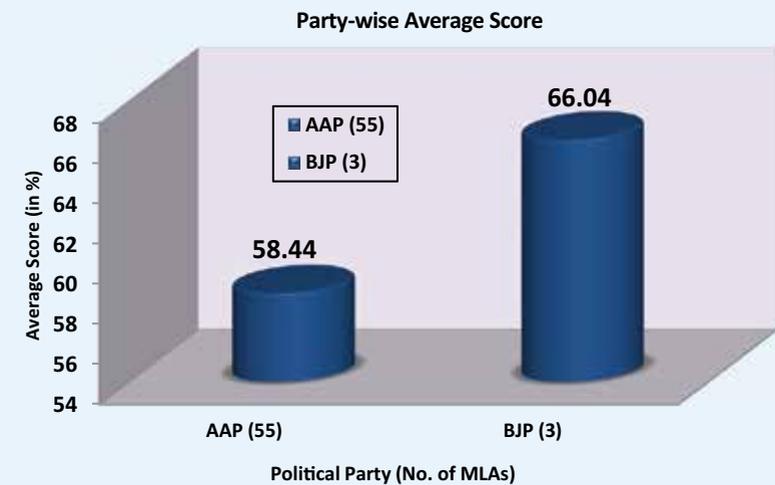
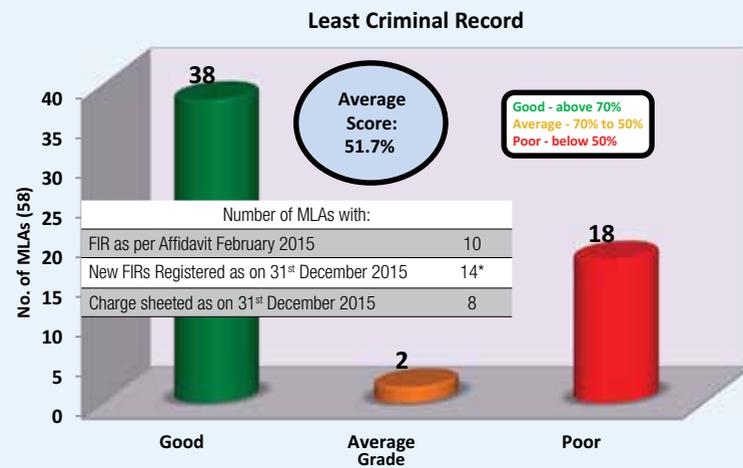
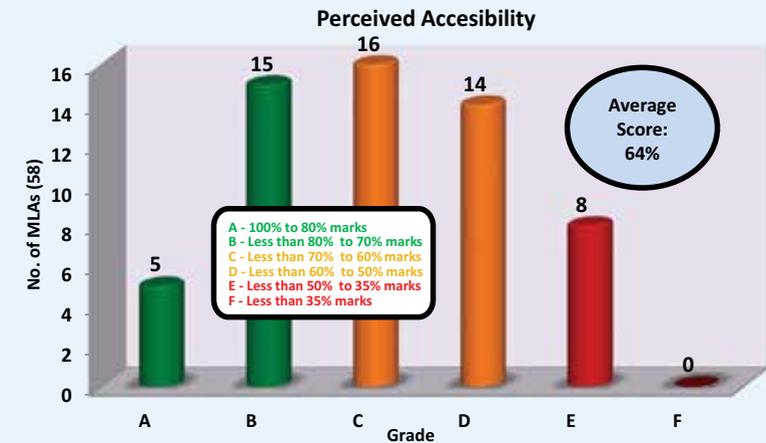
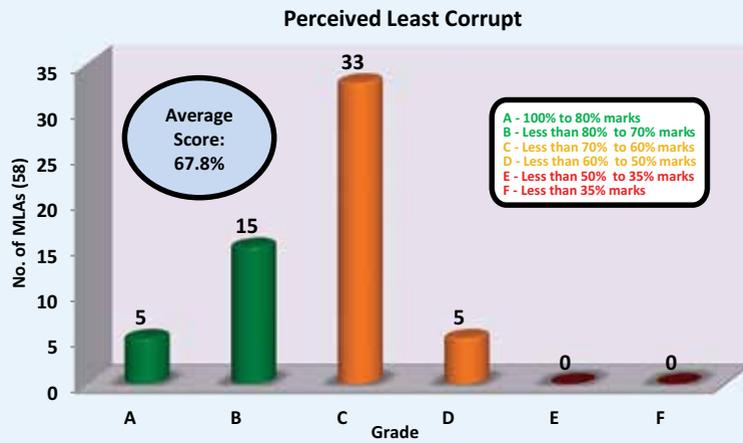
MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	D	55.62	34	A	10	F	0.72	F	7.47	A	5	C	26.43
Sharad Kumar	Date of Birth: 29 th June, 1975, Birth Place: Village Bakoli, Delhi, Edu.: SSC, Profession: Farmer				Zone: Narela, Constituency No.: 1, (Area: Narela)										
	 AAP	2016	D	59.42	26	A	10	E	4.36	E	9.57	A	5	C	24.48
Shiv Charan Goel	Date of Birth: 6 th February, 1962, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: HSC, Profession: Businessman				Zone: Karol Bagh, Constituency No.: 25, (Area: Moti Nagar)										
	 AAP	2016	C	61.70	24	A	10	C	6.00	E	11.56	A	5	D	22.13
Shri Dutt Sharma	Date of Birth: 1 st July, 1960, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: HSC, Profession: Social Activist				Zone: Shahdara North, Constituency No.: 66, (Area: Ghonda)										
	 AAP	2016	D	52.70	43	A	10	F	3.45	E	9.66	F	-5	C	27.59
Som Dutt	Date of Birth: 17 th February 1977, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: B.A., Profession: Social Service				Zone: Sadar Paharganj, Constituency No.: 19, (Area: Sadar Bazar)										

MLA	PARTY	GRADE	TOTAL SCORE %	RANK	ATTENDANCE		NO. OF ISSUES RAISED		QUALITY OF ISSUES RAISED		LEAST CRIMINAL RECORD		PERCEIVED PERFORMANCE		
					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
	 AAP	2016	D	55.57	35	A	10	A	8.72	D	15.06	F	-7	C	25.80
Somnath Bharti	Age: 41, Edu.: M.Sc. (Maths), Profession: Advocate				Zone: South, Constituency No.: 43, (Area: Malviya Nagar)										
	 AAP	2016	E	47.22	52	A	8	F	1.45	F	6.96	F	0	D	22.82
Sukhvir Singh	Date of Birth: 1 st July 1957, Birth Place: Village Hiran Kudna, Delhi, Edu.: M.A. (Eco), Profession: Retired Govt. Servant				Zone: Narela, Constituency No.: 8, (Area: Mundka)										
	 AAP	2016	C	68.08	11	A	10	A	8.54	C	16.44	F	0	C	25.10
Ved Parkash	Date of Birth: 22 nd May 1973, Birth Place: Bawana, Delhi, Edu.: B.A., Profession: Business				Zone: Rohini, Constituency No.: 7, (Area: Bawana (SC))										
	 AAP	2016	C	65.79	19	A	10	B	7.81	D	14.54	A	5	C	25.44
Vijender Garg Vijay	Date of Birth: 3 rd March, 1963, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: B. Com., Profession: Self Employed				Zone: Karol Bagh, Constituency No.: 39, (Area: Rajinder Nagar)										

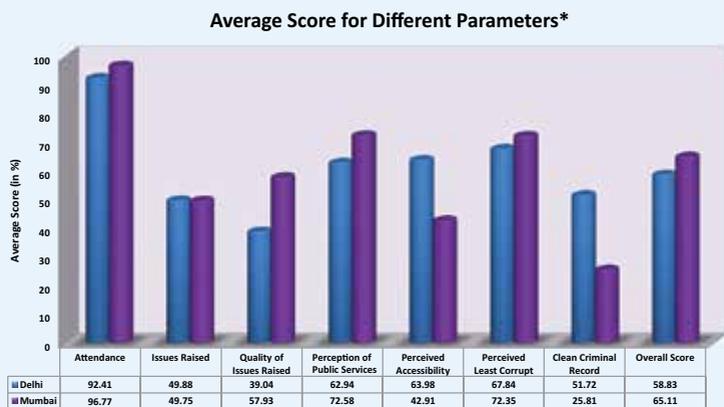
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					Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 10	Grade	Score out of 27	Grade	Score out of 5	Grade	Score out of 40	
 <p>Vijender Kumar</p>	 BJP	2016	D	55.51	36	C	6	A	9.79	C	17.24	F	-5	C	24.49
Date of Birth: 14 th August, 1963, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: M. Com, Profession: Business					Zone: Rohini, Constituency No.: 13, (Area: Rohini)										
 <p>Vishesh Ravi</p>	 AAP	2016	C	67.52	12	A	10	C	6.90	E	12.63	A	5	C	26.00
Date of Birth: 19 th May 1983, Birth Place: Delhi, Edu.: B.A. (Prog.), Profession: Business					Zone: Sadar Paharganj, Constituency No.: 23, (Area: Karol Bagh)										

KEY ANALYSIS





(*) Includes 4 MLAs had FIRs before elections as declared in their affidavit.



(*) Score of Praja's Delhi (2016) and Mumbai (2016) report card have been compared.

TOP 5 MLAs IN OVERALL

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 100)	Overall Rank
Shahdara South	60	AAP	S. K. Bagga	72.86	1
Shahdara North	69	BJP	Jagdish Pradhan	71.87	2
Shahdara South	58	AAP	Nitin Tyagi	71.30	3
Shahdara South	59	BJP	Om Prakash Sharma	70.75	4
Shahdara North	63	AAP	Rajendra Pal Gautam	70.47	5

BOTTOM 5 MLAs IN OVERALL

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 100)	Overall Rank
Central	52	AAP	Sahi Ram	40.29	58
Rohini	11	AAP	Raghuvinder Shokeen	41.96	57
South	47	AAP	Prakash	43.04	56
Civil Line	18	AAP	Akhilesh Pati Tripathi	43.47	55
Rohini	12	AAP	Rakhi Birla	47.04	54

BOTTOM 6 MLAs IN ATTENDANCE

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 10)	Overall Rank
West	28	AAP	Jagdeep Singh	4	40
Rohini	11	AAP	Raghuvinder Shokeen	6	57
Civil Line	18	AAP	Akhilesh Pati Tripathi	6	55
Central	54	AAP	Amanatullah Khan	6	49
Shahdara South	59	BJP	Om Prakash Sharma	6	4
Rohini	13	BJP	Vijender Kumar	6	36

TOP 5 MLAs IN QUALITY ISSUES RAISED

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 27)	Overall Rank
Shahdara North	69	BJP	Jagdish Pradhan	17.71	2
Shahdara South	59	BJP	Om Prakash Sharma	17.25	4
Rohini	13	BJP	Vijender Kumar	17.24	36
Civil Line	20	AAP	Alka Lamba	16.74	10
Shahdara South	60	AAP	S. K. Bagga	16.56	1

TOP 5 MLAs IN ACCESIBILITY

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 6)	Overall Rank
South	47	AAP	Prakash	5.07	56
Sadar Paharganj	19	AAP	Som Dutt	5.01	43
West	28	AAP	Jagdeep Singh	4.85	40
Najafgarh	35	AAP	Kailash Gahlot	4.84	31
South	48	AAP	Ajay Dutt	4.81	13

TOP 5 MLAs IN PERCEIVED LEAST CORRUPT

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 10)	Overall Rank
Najafgarh	33	AAP	Adarsh Shastri	8.73	14
West	30	AAP	Rajesh Rishi	8.70	21
Shahdara North	65	AAP	Mohd. Ishraque	8.48	44
Shahdara North	64	AAP	Sarita Singh	8.14	25
Central	41	AAP	Praveen Kumar	8.05	17

BOTTOM 5 MLAs IN QUALITY ISSUES RAISED

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 27)	Overall Rank
Rohini	11	AAP	Raghuvinder Shokeen	0.00	57
South	47	AAP	Prakash	0.00	56
Shahdara North	65	AAP	Mohd. Ishraque	0.00	44
West	31	AAP	Mahinder Yadav	3.47	53
Rohini	9	AAP	Rituraj Govind	5.22	51

BOTTOM 5 MLAs IN ACCESIBILITY

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 6)	Overall Rank
Shahdara North	63	AAP	Rajendra Pal Gautam	2.19	5
Shahdara South	55	AAP	Raju Dhingan	2.35	30
Shahdara North	69	BJP	Jagdish Pradhan	2.52	2
Central	52	AAP	Sahi Ram	2.62	58
Karol Bagh	24	AAP	Hazari Lal Chauhan	2.65	48

BOTTOM 5 MLAs IN PERCEIVED LEAST CORRUPT

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 10)	Overall Rank
Rohini	13	BJP	Vijender Kumar	5.26	36
Civil Line	2	AAP	Sanjeev Jha	5.57	28
South	46	AAP	Kartar Singh Tanwar	5.89	46
Shahdara South	59	BJP	Om Prakash Sharma	5.96	4
Civil Line	17	AAP	Rajesh Gupta	5.99	18

TOP 5 MLAs IN ISSUES RAISED

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	MLAs Name	Score (out of 10)	Overall Rank
Shahdara North	69	BJP	Jagdish Pradhan	10.00	2
Shahdara South	59	BJP	Om Prakash Sharma	9.81	4
Rohini	13	BJP	Vijender Kumar	9.79	36
Civil Line	20	AAP	Alka Lamba	9.63	10
Shahdara North	63	AAP	Rajendra Pal Gautam	9.45	5

BOTTOM MLAs IN ISSUES RAISED (0 TO 5 ISSUES RAISED)

Zone	Assembly Constituency No.	Political Party	Name of the MLA	No. of Issues Raised	Rank
Rohini	11	AAP	Raghuvinder Shokeen	0	57
South	47	AAP	Prakash	0	56
Shahdara North	65	AAP	Mohd. Ishraque	0	44
South	49	AAP	Dinesh Mohaniya	1	39
Narela	1	AAP	Sharad Kumar	2	34
Rohini	9	AAP	Rituraj Govind	2	51
Civil Line	24	AAP	Hazari Lal Chauhan	2	48
West	31	AAP	Mahinder Yadav	2	53
Narela	8	AAP	Sukhvir Singh	3	52
South	52	AAP	Sahi Ram	3	58
Civil Line	5	AAP	Ajesh Yadav	4	27
South	50	AAP	Saurabh Bharadwaj	4	42
South	54	AAP	Amanatullah Khan	4	49
Rohini	12	AAP	Rakhi Birla	5	54
Najafgarh	42	AAP	Madan Lal	5	37
Karol Bagh	44	AAP	Parmila Tokas	5	47
Central	45	AAP	Naresh Yadav	5	38
Central	46	AAP	Kartar Singh Tanwar	5	46
Central	53	AAP	Narayan Dutt Sharma	5	33

THE METHODOLOGY

1. The Matrix – Scale of Ranking

The Matrix for measuring the functioning of the MLAs has been designed by Praja with inputs from reputed people with sectoral knowledge in governance, political science, market research, media.

In order to design the research and get the desired output, it was important to answer the following two questions:

- On what parameters should the performance of MLAs be evaluated?
- How should the research be designed in order to represent areas of each MLA and meet the right people?

For the first question; The Indian Democracy functions on rules and strictures laid down in The Constitution of India adopted on 26th November, 1949. The Constitution has been amended on numerous occasions and various acts have been passed and adopted by subsequent assemblies to strengthen the functioning of centre, state and local self government institutions. All these acts/legislations with their base in the Constitution give our elected representatives needed powers for functioning; have built the needed checks and balances; and serve as the source of the terms of reference for the elected representatives on all aspects of their conduct as the people's representatives. Hence the first parameter for evaluating the performance of MLAs is based solely in the mechanisms and instruments and duties and responsibilities as led in The Constitution of India.

However; The Constitution itself derives its power from the free will of its citizens as also the document itself states that it has been adopted, enacted and given to themselves by the people. Hence the perceptions of the people who are represented by the elected representatives are the other important, necessary parameter for evaluating the performance of the elected representatives (the MLAs). Thus, to answer the second question it is necessary to study people's perceptions of the MLAs performance, in their respective constituencies.

The next few pages will elaborate the study design and details of the study conducted to judge the performance of MLAs in Delhi; but before we get into details, it is important to understand the sources of data and its broad usage in the ranking matrix.

The following information was required to judge the performance of each MLA in the city:

1. Some of the tangible parameters like an elected MLAs attendance in the assembly, the number of issues raised she/he has raised in the house, importance of those issues raised, and utilisation of funds allotted to her/him.
2. Some parameters on her/his background such as educational qualification, income tax records & criminal record (if any).
3. Some soft parameters like the perception/impression of the people in her/his constituency, awareness about them, satisfaction with their work and improvement in the quality of life because of the MLA.

Once the areas of evaluation were finalised, it was important to decide upon the methodology which would best provide the required information. Information mentioned in points 1 & 2 above was gathered from RTI & by means of secondary research. MLA Scores have been derived out of maximum 100 marks with 60% weightage given to tangible facts about the MLA. For the Information on the 3rd point a primary survey was conducted amongst the citizens in each constituency to evaluate the perceived performance of the MLA. 40% weightage was given to perceived performance of MLAs in the minds of common man.

The data used for points 1 and 2 has been collected from government sources:

- a. Election Commission of India's Website.
- b. Under Right to Information Act from Vidhan Bhavan.
- c. Delhi Government Website.
- d. Under Right to Information Act from Delhi Police.

People's perception as per point 3 has been mapped through an opinion poll of 29,950 people across the city of Delhi by Hansa Market Research conducted through a structured questionnaire.

It is very important to understand here that the matrix is objectively designed and provides no importance to the political party of the representative or to any personal/political ideology.

Criminalisation of politics in the country has been growing since independence and is a phenomenon which if not checked now can destroy the democratic foundations of our nation. Hence personal criminal record related parameters

pertaining to the elected representative are taken into consideration such as: their FIR cases registered against them as stated in the election affidavit; new FIR cases registered against them after being elected in the current term; and important pending charge sheets.

Scale of Ranking			
Sr. No.	Indicator	Max	Comments
1 Present			
A	Sessions Attended (*)	10	Based on percentage of attendance. 1) 100% to 91% - 10; 2) 90% to 76% - 8; 3) 75% to 61% -6; 4) 60% to 51% - 4; and 5) below 50% - 0.
B	Number of issues raised	10	Against Group Percentage Rank. 16 being the top most percentile and so on to the lowest.
C	Importance of issues raised (Quality of issues raised)	27	Weightages are given to issues raised through the questions depending on whether they belong to the State List, Central List, are in the domain of Municipal Authority or are in the shared domain of State/ Centre / Municipal. The scale is given in the separate table below. In the aggregate scale (out of 100) the following weightage is given: Centre gets 3; State gets 13; Municipal Corporation Delhi gets 4 and Centre / State / Municipal Corporation Delhi gets 7.
D	Total Local Area Development Funds Utilised during (Apr. 2015 to March 2016)	5	Calculation for the current financial year is done for the sanctioned fund of Rs. 4 crore approved till March 2016. (1) 100% (or more) to 91% - 5; (2) 90% to 76% - 4; (3) 75% to 61% - 3; (4) 60% to 51% - 2; and (5) below 50% - 0.
Total		52	
2 Past			
A	Education Qualification	1	A minimum of 10th Pass - 1; if not - 0
B	Income Tax	2	(1) Possessing PAN Card - 1 (2) Disclosing Income in Affidavit - 1
C	Criminal Record	5	If the candidate has zero cases registered against her/him, then 5; else as below: (1) Criminal Cases Registered containing the following charges: Murder, Rape, Molestation, Riot, Extortion - 0 (2) Other criminal cases than the above mentioned - 3
Total		8	

Sr. No.	Indicator	Scale of Ranking	
		Max	Comments
3	Perception		Based on a opinion poll of 29,950 people spread across different constituencies in the city of Delhi
A	Perception of Public Services	20	Score on Public Services
B	Awareness & Accessibility	6	Score on Awareness amongst people about their representative, their political party and ease of access to the representative
C	Corruption Index	10	Score on perceived personal corruption of the representative
D	Broad Measures	4	Score on overall satisfaction and improvement in quality of life
Total		40	
4	Negative marking for new criminal cases registered during the year	-5	For any new FIR registered during the year.
5	Negative marking for Charge sheet	-5	For any Charge sheet in a criminal case.
6	Negative marking for no annual pro-active disclosures by the elected representatives of Assets and Liabilities and Criminal record	-5	This can be done on own website, newspaper, Praja Website or any other source which should be announced publicly. Also marks would be cut for wrong disclosures in the above mentioned forums. (**)
Total		100	

(*) Sessions taken into account for this report card are 24th Feb 2015 to 22nd Dec 2015.

(**) This negative parameter on proactive disclosures has not been applied. But as one of the primary purpose of the Report Card is to promote transparency amongst elected representatives, it is imperative that they proactively provide personal information on their personal annual economic status and to emphasise their probity in public life, they should share every year their updated criminal record.

2. Parameters for Past Records as per Affidavit

Parameters for Past Records are based on information in election affidavit that includes educational, criminal and financial records of MLAs. Total eight Marks out of Maximum 100 marks are allocated for this parameter.

a. Education

If the elected representative has declared in his affidavit, education qualification as 10th pass or more than that then on the scale one mark is allocated, else zero marks are given.

As a developing 21st century country, basic modern education is an important criterion for human development. Even at lowest clerical jobs in the government, the government insists on a minimum educational level. Going by the same logic and the times, it is prudent that a similar yardstick be applied to our elected representatives. However, we also believe that the educational parameter should be given a minimal weightage in the overall scheme vis-a-vis other parameters, that are more crucial for judging performance of the elected representatives.

b. Income Tax

It is widely published and believed in India that annual income levels and wealth of those who are elected sees a manifold increase in the few years when they represent. On this parameter, marks are allocated only for declaring returns (one mark) and for possessing a PAN card (one mark), as per the affidavit.

c. Criminal Record

Criminalisation of politics is a sad reality. A significant number of elected representatives have a criminal record i.e. 1) they have FIRs registered against them; 2) charge sheets filled; and 3) even convictions given by the courts of law.

There is no excuse for not having moral probity in public life. It is the right of the citizens to have people representing them with no criminal records. Hence the scheme of ranking has taken into account marks for people with clean records:

- i. Those with absolutely no criminal FIRs registered are given five marks.
- ii. Those with FIRs registered against, with cases containing the following charges: murder, rape, molestation, riot and extortion are given zero marks.
- iii. Those with other FIRs registered against, other than those mentioned in No. ii above, are given three marks.

We have negative markings as explained in No. 5 ahead for other parameters related to crime records like charge sheet.

Kindly note that allocating scoring for each individual case would have been complex, instead scoring for cases after them being categorised as above seemed more logical and hence number of individual cases are not that important but the category of case needed for the scoring.

3. Parameters for Present Performance in the State Legislature

In an indirect, representative democracy like India's, citizens elect their representatives so that these representatives can represent them in the houses of legislation and deliberate on issues related to the citizens and form needed legislations under the guidelines of and using the mechanisms of the Constitution. Thus it is very clear that the weightages in the performance scale have to be more biased to these functions of the elected representatives i.e. of **Deliberation**.

a. Session Attendance

The mandate given by citizens to the representatives is to attend the business of the respective legislative houses. It is hence prudent that the representatives attend 100% or near to 100% sessions of their respective houses. Hence the marking as follows based on percentage of attendance: (1) 100% to 91% - 10 marks; (2) 90% to 76% - eight marks; (3) 75% to 61% - six marks; (4) 60% to 51% - four marks; and (5) below 50% - zero marks.

b. Number of Issues Raised

There cannot be really a set benchmark for the right number of issues raised that have to be asked by a representative. However given the range and complexity of issues that our country is facing, it is necessary for the representative to raise as many issues as they can, which are necessary for the citizens. Hence to stimulate the representatives to ask maximum number of issues raised the scale uses the percentile system for scoring.

Devices used for asking 'Issues Raised' that have been considered in the marking as per Delhi Assembly Rules:

- **Calling Attention (Rule 54)**
- **Motion for Adjournment (Rule 59 - 65)**
- **Motions (Rule 107 - 117)**
- **Resolutions / Private member Resolution (Rule 89)**
- **Short Duration Discussions (Rule 55 - 58)**
- **Short Notice Questions (Rule 32)**
- **Special Mention (Rule 280)**
- **Starred Questions (Rule 33)**
- **Unstarred Questions (Rule 33)**
- **Questions Involving Breach of Privilege and Contempt (Rule 66-83)**

The marking for this section is out of a maximum 10 marks that the representative can get for being the person with the maximum number of issues raised. The marking here is done against Group Percentage Rank: 10 being the top most percentile and so on to the lowest.

c. Importance of Issues Raised (Quality of Issues Raised)

It is not just the number of issues raised that are asked but also the quality of issues raised. The system for weightages here is designed as below:

Step 1:

Issues are given certain weightages depending on them being prime functions of the State Legislature or of the Municipal bodies or the Centre. As explained ahead in weightages to issues raised.

Weightage to Issues raised			
Classification	Issues	Weightages	Total
Social Infrastructure	Civic (civic amenities such as roads, sewage, etc.)	8	41
	Community Welfare	6	
	Crime	5	
	Education	9	
	Health	8	
Physical Infrastructure	Social cultural concerns	5	19
	Energy	9	
	Transport	9	
Economic Infrastructure	Forest	1	10
	Financial Institutions	2	
Governance/Policy Making	Industries	8	18
	Revenue	6	
	Corruption & Scams	6	
	Schemes / Policies	6	
Agriculture/ Food Infrastructure	Irrigation	4	9
	Agriculture	2	
	Animal Husbandry	3	
Other	Other issues related	3	3
			100

Step 2:

Issues are categorised into:

- Centre based
- State based
- Municipal Corporation Delhi [Local Self Government (LSG)]
- Centre / State / Municipal Corporation Delhi

This Categorisation is based on the Seventh Schedule of the Constitution of India, the Government of National Capital Territory of Delhi Act, 1991 and the Delhi Municipal Corporation Act, 1957. Overall weightage is given respective in the ratio of 3:13:4:7 in the above categories.

Thus after applying weightage for a issue raised under Step 1 for a particular issue (for e.g. 9 for Municipal Education), weightage under Step 2 (for e.g. 4 for LSG) is applied based on whether the issue is under the domain of state, local self government, centre or jointly under Centre / State / LSG.

Formula representation of the calculation done to determine importance of the issue raised by categorisation in seventh schedule

I -Weightage; Q - No. of Issues Raised on a particular subject; T - Total; C - Category; M - Marks as per categorisation

$$(I1 * Q1)+(I1 * Q1)+.....(Inth * Qnth) = T1; \quad (I2 * Q2)+(I2 * Q2)+.....(Inth * Qnth) = T2$$

$$(I3 * Q3)+(I3 * Q3)+.....(Inth * Qnth) = T3;$$

$$T1+T2+T3 = Tx; \quad (T1 * C1)+(T2 * C2)+(T3 * C3) = TCy$$

$$TCx / Ty = M$$

Step 3:

The score in step 2 (M) is further weighted by score for Number of Issue Raised (Point C).

Illustration for marking Importance of Issues Raised

If a MLA has asked a total of 5 issues: 1 related to crime under centre category, 2 related to civic-water supply under state category, 1 related to Drainage under Municipal Corporation Delhi and 1 related to community welfare under joint domain of Centre / State / Municipal; then the marking will be as below:

	Centre (3)	State (13)	Municipal (1)	C/S/M*	
Crime (5)	5*1=5				
Civic-Water Supply (8)	8*2=16				
Civic-Drainage (8)	8*1=8				
Community Welfare (6)	6*1=6				
Total	5	16	8	6	5+16+8+6=35
Total * Category Weightage	5*3=15	16*13=208	8*4=32	6*7=42	15+208+32+42=297

$$297/35 = 8$$

Assuming the score for number of issues raised is 3 out of 10.

∴ (((((8/27)×100)+((3/10)×100))/2)×27)/100=8.29 out of maximum 27. So the MLA gets 8.29 Marks.

(*) Centre / State / Municipal Corporation Delhi

d. Total Local Area Development Funds Utilised during Apr. 2015 to March 2016

MLAs get a Local Area Development Fund during their tenure. This fund they can spend as per their discretion on certain specified development work in their constituencies. It is necessary that the funds are utilised in a planned

phased manner to achieve optimal results. And this can only happen if the representative has a appropriate plan right from the start of their term and that they do not spend the fund in an adhoc manner and that not entirely towards the end of their terms without focus on the needs of their constituency.

Hence the calculation for the current financial year is done for the sanctioned fund of Rs. 4 crore approved till March 2016. (1) 100% (or more) to 91%- 5; (2) 90% to 76% - 4; (3) 75% to 61% - 3; (4) 60% to 51% - 2; and(5) below 50% - 0.

4. Parameters for People's Perception as per Opinion Poll

Since perceived performance was given a weightage of 40 points, we divided it further in to 4 broad areas in order to evaluate the performance in detail. All these four areas were given differential weightage based to the importance in defining the MLAs performance. The weightages were divided in the following scheme:

- Perception of Public Services (impression of the people about the facilities in the area) was given a weightage of **20 points**,
- Awareness & Accesibility of the MLA was given a weightage of **6 points**,
- Corruption index was given a weightage of **10 points** and
- Broad overall measures were given a weightage of **4 points**

The rationale for giving the above scoring points was to give more importance to the key issues like facilities in the area & corruption as compared to MLA being aware and accessible or overall feel of the people being positive. This is because we believe that scoring positively overall or being popular is actually a function of your work in different areas. Hence, these areas should be given more importance than the overall satisfaction. Moreover a blanket overall performance for an individual may be good but when interrogated deeply about different traits the positives and negatives can be clearly pointed.

The next step after assigning weightages to four broad areas was to make sure that facilities which come under the state jurisdiction get more importance than the ones which come under the central government's jurisdiction or the local self government's jurisdiction. Hence the weightage for Perception of Public Services was further divided into a hierarchy of 3 levels to meet the desired objective. Level 1 included facilities which are more critical to state government whereas Level 3 included facilities that are more critical to central government or the local self government.

- Level 1 – This level included areas like Traffic Jams & Congestion, Availability of public transport facilities, Availability of food through Ration shops Power supply, Water Supply, Pollution problems & Adequacy of public transport facility. It was given a weightage of **10 points**.

- Level 2 – This level included areas like Condition of Roads, Availability of public gardens, Hospitals & other Medical facilities, Appropriate Schools & Colleges, Water logging problems, Instances of crime and Availability of footpaths & pedestrian It was given a weightage of **7 points**.
- Level 3 – This level included areas like Law & Order situation and Cleanliness & Sanitation facilities. It was given a weightage of **3 points**.

Research Design:

- A Member of Legislative Assembly, or MLA, is a representative elected by the voters of an electoral district to the Legislature of a State in the Indian system of Government. An electoral district (also known as a constituency) is a distinct territorial subdivision for holding a separate election for a seat in a legislative body.
- Winner of this seat in the constituency is termed as an MLA and has the power to manage the functioning of the constituency.
- In Delhi, each constituency has further been divided into councillor constituency wards and a municipal Councillor is elected to oversee the functioning of each ward. Hence, there is a clear delegation of responsibilities at the ground level.
- Since, our study focused on evaluating the performance of MLAs it was necessary to cover and represent all the assembly constituencies to which each of these MLAs belonged.
- Hence, we decided to cover a sample from each constituency. However, it is also known that constituencies differ in size as calculated in terms of area coverage and population. The number of the wards within each assembly constituency also differs.
- The total sample for the study covered for 69 MLA Assembly constituency(Excluding Cantt. constituency) = 29,950 respondents.
- Next step was to define the target group for the study. We finalised on covering within each ward:
 - Both Males & Females
 - 18 years and above (eligible to vote)
- Once the target group was defined, quotas for representing gender and age groups were set.
- The quotas were set on the basis of age and gender split available through Indian Readership Study, a large scale baseline study conducted nationally by Media Research Users Council (MRUC) & Hansa Research group.
- The required information was collected through face to face household interviews with the help of structured questionnaire.

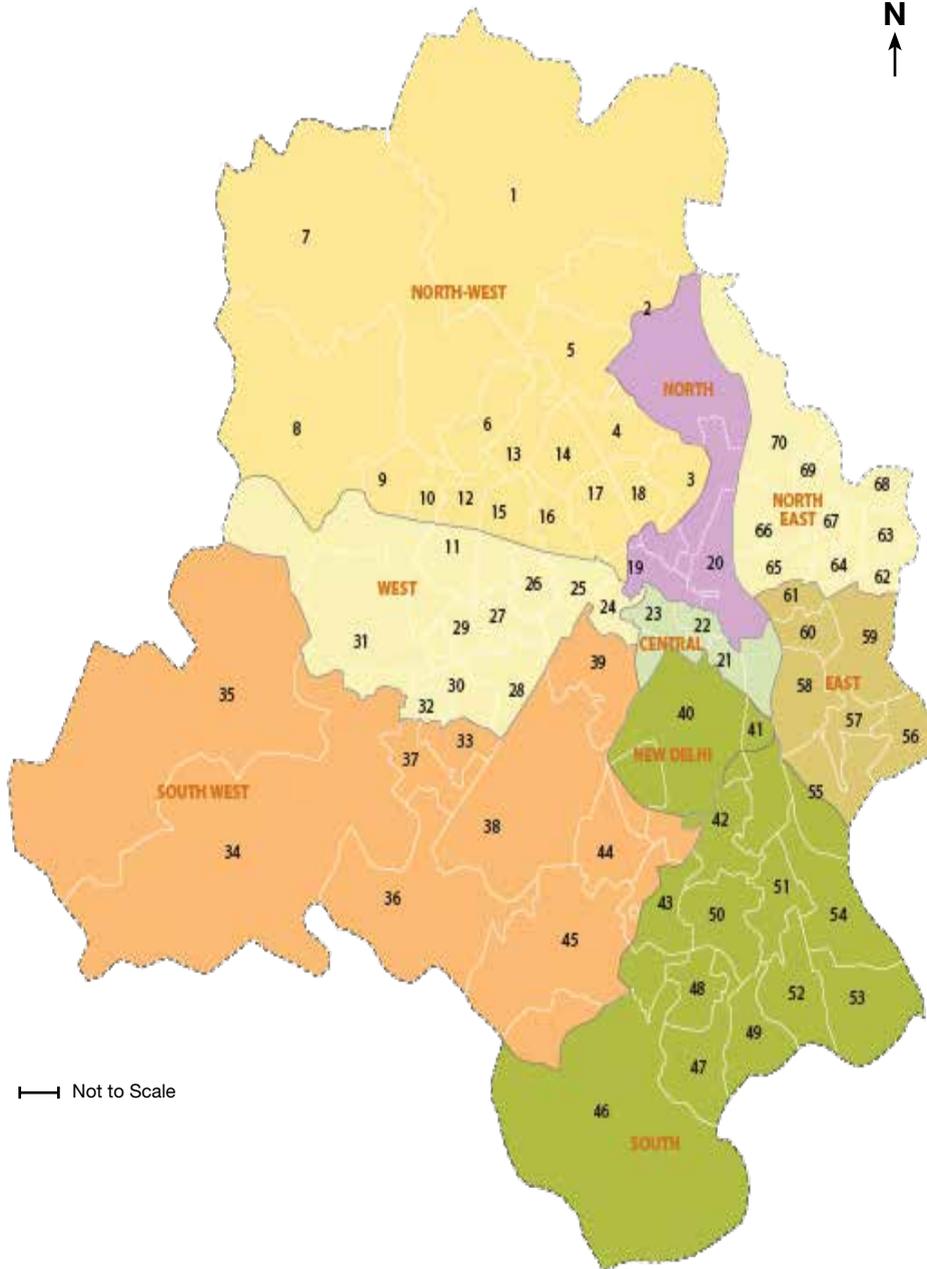
- In order to meet the respondent, following sampling process was followed:
 - 2 – 3 prominent areas in the ward were identified and the sample was divided amongst them.
 - Respondents were intercepted in households in these areas and the required information was obtained from them.
- Sample composition of age & gender was corrected to match the universe profile using the baseline data from IRS.
- The final sample spread achieved for each assembly constituency is as follows:

Parameters of Evaluation:

While deciding the parameters of evaluation for a MLA, we wanted to make sure that we covered issues at both the state & central level and hence decided to capture the information on four important aspects. These were as follows:

- Impression of the people about different facilities in his/her area
 - Condition of Roads
 - Traffic jams & Congestion of roads
 - Availability of public gardens/open playgrounds
 - Availability of public transport facilities like Auto, Taxis & Buses
 - Availability of footpaths & pedestrian walking areas
 - Availability of public transport facilities
 - Availability of food through ration shops
 - Hospitals and other medical facilities
 - Appropriate schools and colleges
 - Power Supply
 - Water Supply
 - Water Logging during rainy season
 - Pollution problems
 - Instances of Crime
 - Law & Order situation
 - Cleanliness & Sanitation facilities
- Awareness & Accessibility of the MLA
- Perception of corruption for MLA
- Broad overall measures like overall satisfaction with MLA & improvement in quality of life because of MLA.

MAP OF DELHI



Not to Scale

Constituency No.	Constituency Name	Sample Size
1	Narela	595
2	Burari	437
3	Timarpur	375
4	Adarsh Nagar	392
5	Badli	390
6	Rithala	487
7	Bawana (SC)	400
8	Mundka	404
9	Kirari	442
10	Sultan Pur Majra (SC)	482
11	Nangloi Jat	458
12	Mangol Puri (SC)	386
13	Rohini	552
14	Shalimar Bagh	472
15	Shakurbasti	412
16	Tri Nagar	400
17	Wazirpur	371
18	Model Town	499
19	Sadar Bazar	443
20	Chandi Chowk	469
21	Matia Mahal	404
22	Ballimaran	501
23	Karol Bagh	399
24	Patel Nagar (SC)	399
25	Moti Nagar	405
26	Madipur	406
27	Rajouri Garden	403
28	Hari Nagar	461
29	Tilak Nagar	425
30	Janakpuri	465
31	Vikasपुरi	366
32	Uttam Nagar	449
33	Dwarka	429
34	Matiala	417
35	Najafgarh	405

Constituency No.	Constituency Name	Sample Size
36	Bijwasan	503
37	Palam	414
39	Rajinder Nagar	407
40	New Delhi	318
41	Jangpura	589
42	Kasturba Nagar	364
43	Malviya Nagar	421
44	R K Puram	382
45	Mehrauli	489
46	Chhatarpur	395
47	Deoli (SC)	403
48	Ambedkar Nagar	444
49	Sangam Vihar	420
50	Greater Kailash	430
51	Kalkaji	458
52	Tuglakabad	441
53	Badarpur	519
54	Okhla	574
55	Trilokpuri	389
56	Kondli	402
57	Patparganj	427
58	Laxmi Nagar	424
59	Vishwas Nagar	420
60	Krishna Nagar	403
61	Gandhi Nagar	397
62	Shahdara	399
63	Seema puri	382
64	Rohtas Nagar	475
65	Seelampur	413
66	Ghonda	380
67	Babarpur	561
68	Gokalpur	424
69	Mustafabad	408
70	Karawal Nagar	475

Note : Survey is not conducted for constituency no. 38 (Cantonment)

Illustration of Scorecard for an MLA:

Sr. No.	Parameters	Broad Groupings	Scores	Maximum Score
1	Recall for party name to which the MLA belongs	Awareness & Accessibility	77	100
2	Recall for name of the MLA	Awareness & Accessibility	76	100
3	Accessibility of the MLA	Awareness & Accessibility	69	100
4	Satisfaction with the MLA	Broad overall measures	59	100
5	Improvement in Lifestyle	Broad overall measures	69	100
6	Corruption	Corruption Index	72	100
7	Power Supply	Impression of people-Level 1	54	100
8	Instances of Crime	Impression of people-Level 2	61	100
9	Law & Order situation	Impression of people-Level 3	59	100
10	Availability of food through ration shops	Impression of people-Level 1	61	100
11	Pollution problems	Impression of people-Level 1	78	100
12	Hospitals and other medical facilities	Impression of people-Level 2	67	100
13	Appropriate schools and colleges	Impression of people-Level 2	68	100
14	Condition of Roads	Impression of people-Level 2	63	100
15	Traffic jams & Congestion of roads	Impression of people-Level 1	76	100
16	Availability of public gardens / open playgrounds	Impression of people-Level 2	56	100
17	Availability of public transport facilities like Auto, Taxis & Buses	Impression of people-Level 1	58	100
18	Adequacy of public transport facility	Impression of people-Level 1	76	100
19	Availability of footpaths and pedestrian walking areas	Impression of people-Level 2	57	100
20	Water Supply	Impression of people-Level 1	77	100
21	Water Logging during rainy season	Impression of people-Level 2	79	100
22	Cleanliness & Sanitation facilities	Impression of people-Level 3	66	100

Scores of Netted Variables

Sr. No.	Netted Variables	Weightage Assigned	Scores	Maximum Score
1	Awareness & Accessibility	6	74	100
2	Broad Overall Measures	4	64	100
3	Corruption Index	10	72	100
4	Impression of people-Level 1	10	69	100
5	Impression of people-Level 2	7	64	100
6	Impression of people-Level 3	3	63	100

Weighted Final Scores

Perceived performance of the MLA =

$$((6*74)+(4*64)+(10*72)+(10*69)+(7*64)+(3*63))/100 = 27.4 \text{ out of } 40$$

This score was further added with the performance on hard parameters and a composite score for each MLA was derived.

Weighting the data:

When conducting a survey, it is common to compare the figures obtained in a sample with universe or population values. These values may come from the same survey from a different time period or from other sources.

In this case, we compared the age & gender compositions achieved in our survey with the similar compositions in IRS study (Indian Readership Survey). In the process, minor deviations for demographics were corrected.

Hence, weighting not only helped us to remove the demographic skews from our sample data but also ensured that the representation of demography was correct.

5. Parameters for Negative Marking

Negative marking for new FIR cases registered

If there has been a new FIR registered against the elected representative after his election then this happens to be a matter of concern; and hence out of the marks earned by the representative, five marks would be deducted.

Do note that in the process of allocating marks does not take into account number of new criminal FIR cases, but simply takes into account even a single occurrence for allocating marks based on the severity of the crime.

Negative marking for Charge Sheet registered

A charge sheet signifies prima facie evidence in the case. This is again a serious concern for moral probity of the representative. Hence out of the marks earned by the representative, five marks would be deducted.

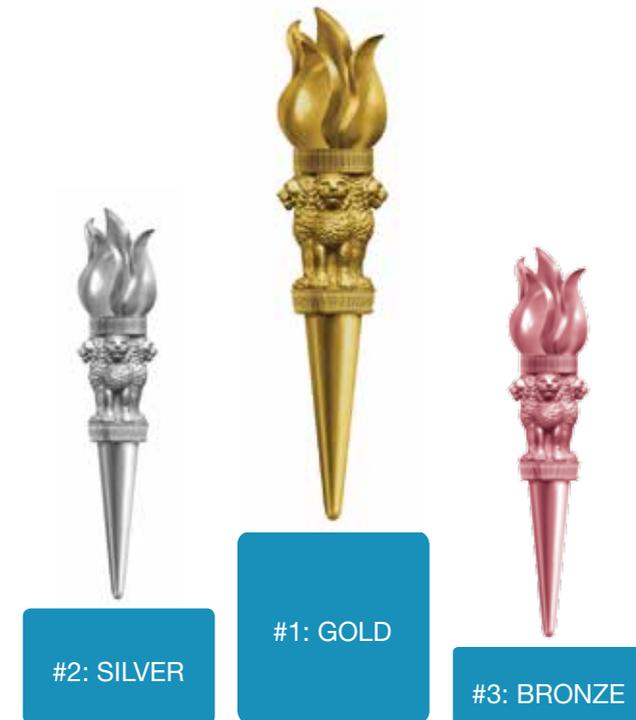
Do note that in the process of allocating marks does not take into account number of criminal charge sheets, but simply takes into account even a single occurrence for allocating marks based on the severity of the crime.

Negative marking for no annual pro-active disclosures by the elected representatives of Assets and Liabilities and Criminal record

As per the election commission norms the candidate standing for elections have to file an affidavit detailing amongst other things, their own asset and liabilities and criminal records. The candidate who gets elected later, does not share this information with his constituency or the election commission until and unless he/she stands for re-election or for a new election on different seat or post. However given the need of the time, we feel that it is necessary that the elected representatives proactively make their assets and liabilities (income status) and criminal records available to their constituencies at the end of every financial year when they are representing. This can be done through Newspapers or other Public Medias or through their own Websites or through Praja Website. This will bring larger transparency.

THE FOUR LION TORCH

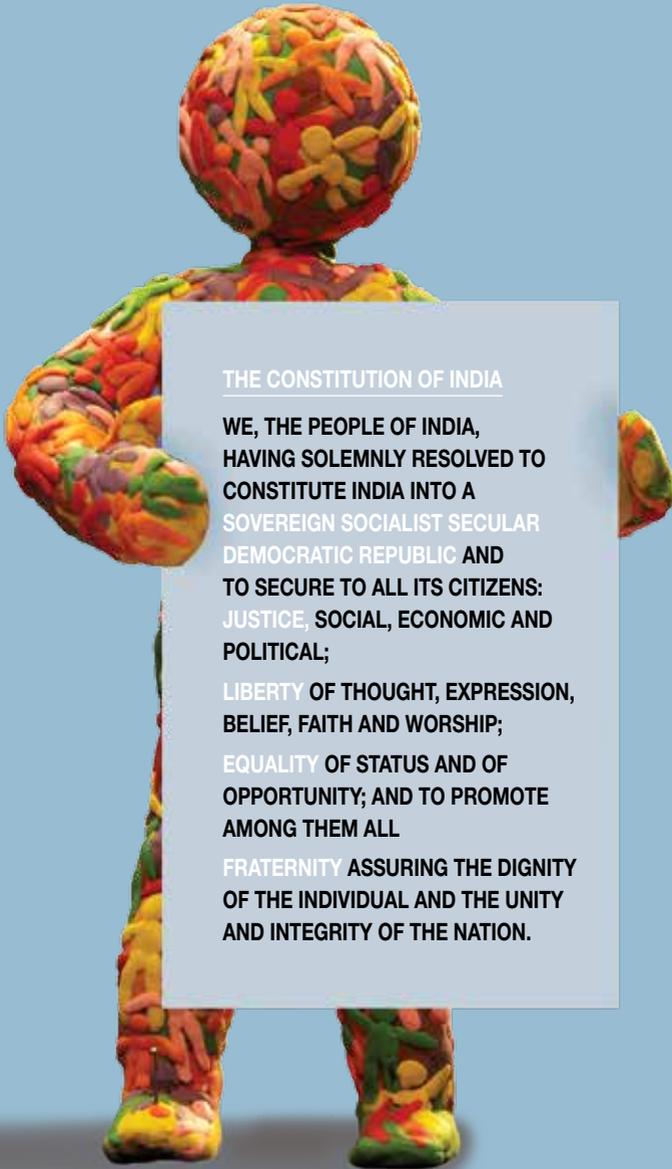
The four lions of the Ashoka Pillar, symbolizing power, courage, pride and confidence are the ethos behind the Indian Republic as embedded in our Constitution. We salute the top 3 ranking MLAs of Delhi as torch bearers of this idea. They have topped the list by on an objective ranking system as explained earlier in this report card, performing more efficiently relative to their peers. Jai Hind.



Trophy 1 – The Best Elected Representative as per Praja Matrix of Ranking Performance of MLAs.

Trophy 2 – The Second Best Elected Representative as per Praja Matrix of Ranking Performance of MLAs.

Trophy 3 – The Third Best Elected Representative as per Praja Matrix of Ranking Performance of MLAs.



THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

**WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA,
HAVING SOLEMNLY RESOLVED TO
CONSTITUTE INDIA INTO A
SOVEREIGN SOCIALIST SECULAR
DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC AND
TO SECURE TO ALL ITS CITIZENS:
JUSTICE, SOCIAL, ECONOMIC AND
POLITICAL;**

**LIBERTY OF THOUGHT, EXPRESSION,
BELIEF, FAITH AND WORSHIP;**

**EQUALITY OF STATUS AND OF
OPPORTUNITY; AND TO PROMOTE
AMONG THEM ALL**

**FRATERNITY ASSURING THE DIGNITY
OF THE INDIVIDUAL AND THE UNITY
AND INTEGRITY OF THE NATION.**